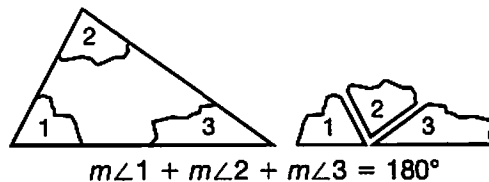




## SKILL 6: Triangles

You can tear the corners from a triangle and rearrange them as shown in the diagram. Notice the torn-off pieces form a straight line across the bottom. The measures of these three angles total  $180^\circ$ , the measure of a straight angle. This illustrates an important property of triangles:



**The sum of the angle measures of any triangle is  $180^\circ$ .**

You can use this fact to find unknown angle measures.

### Example 1

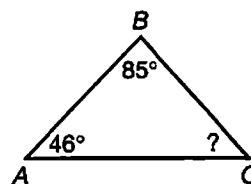
Find the measure of  $\angle C$ .

$$46^\circ + 85^\circ + m\angle C = 180^\circ$$

$$131^\circ + m\angle C = 180^\circ$$

$$m\angle C = 180^\circ - 131^\circ \quad \text{Subtract } 131^\circ$$

$$m\angle C = 49^\circ \quad \text{from each side.}$$



### Example 2

Find the measure of  $\angle R$ .

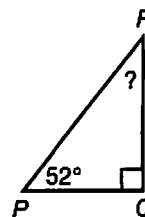
$\angle Q$  is a right angle, so  $m\angle Q = 90^\circ$ .

$$52^\circ + 90^\circ + m\angle R = 180^\circ$$

$$142^\circ + m\angle R = 180^\circ$$

$$m\angle R = 180^\circ - 142^\circ \quad \text{Subtract } 142^\circ$$

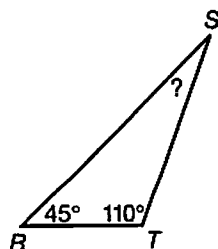
$$m\angle R = 38^\circ \quad \text{from each side.}$$



### Guided Practice

Find the unknown angle measures.

1.



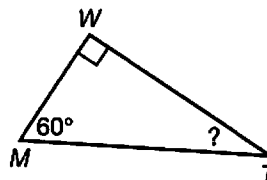
$$m\angle S + 45^\circ + \underline{\hspace{2cm}} = 180^\circ$$

$$m\angle S + 155^\circ = 180^\circ$$

$$m\angle S = 180^\circ - 155^\circ$$

$$m\angle S = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$$

2.



$$60^\circ + 90^\circ + m\angle T = 180^\circ$$

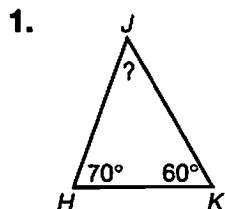
$$150^\circ + m\angle T = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$$

$$m\angle T = 180^\circ - 150^\circ$$

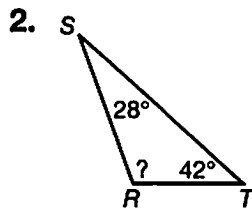
$$m\angle T = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$$

## SKILL 6: Practice

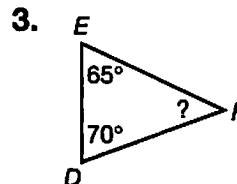
Find the unknown angle measures.



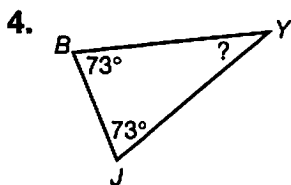
$m\angle J = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$



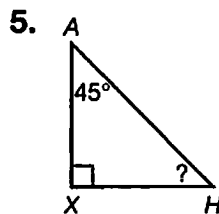
$m\angle R = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$



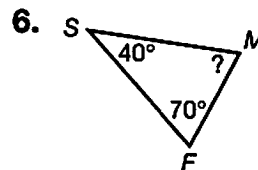
$m\angle F = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$



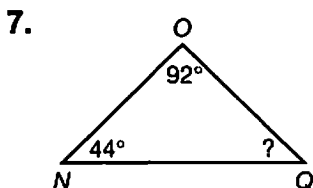
$m\angle Y = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$



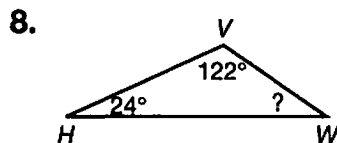
$m\angle H = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$



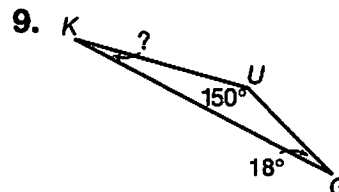
$m\angle M = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$



$m\angle Q = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$

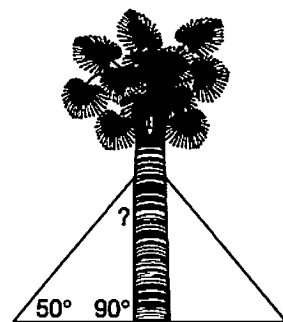


$m\angle W = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$



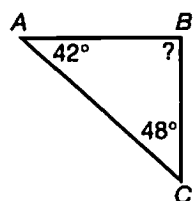
$m\angle K = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$

10. Wires are used to support a young tree, as shown. One of the wires makes a  $50^\circ$  angle with the ground. What is the measure of the angle the wire makes with the tree?



## TEST PREP

11. Find the measure of  $\angle B$ .



- A  $132^\circ$   
B  $80^\circ$

- C  $100^\circ$   
D  $90^\circ$

Skill 6

12. An angle is formed by rays  $\overrightarrow{AB}$  and  $\overrightarrow{AC}$ . Which is not a name for this angle?

- F  $\angle ABC$   
G  $\angle BAC$

- H  $\angle CAB$   
J  $\angle A$

Skill 1