

Warm Up

9/5

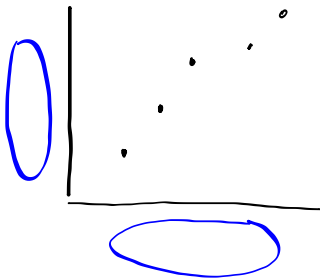
Which graph could model each of the following situations?
Be ready to explain why. Draw a sketch of each in your notebook!

1. The total number of tires for different numbers of cars in a parking lot.

2. How much money you will be paid for working different amounts of hours at Roche Brothers.

can have fractions of hours and dollars.

We can only have whole numbers of cars and tires



What are our units?

We connect if you can have fractions of a unit.

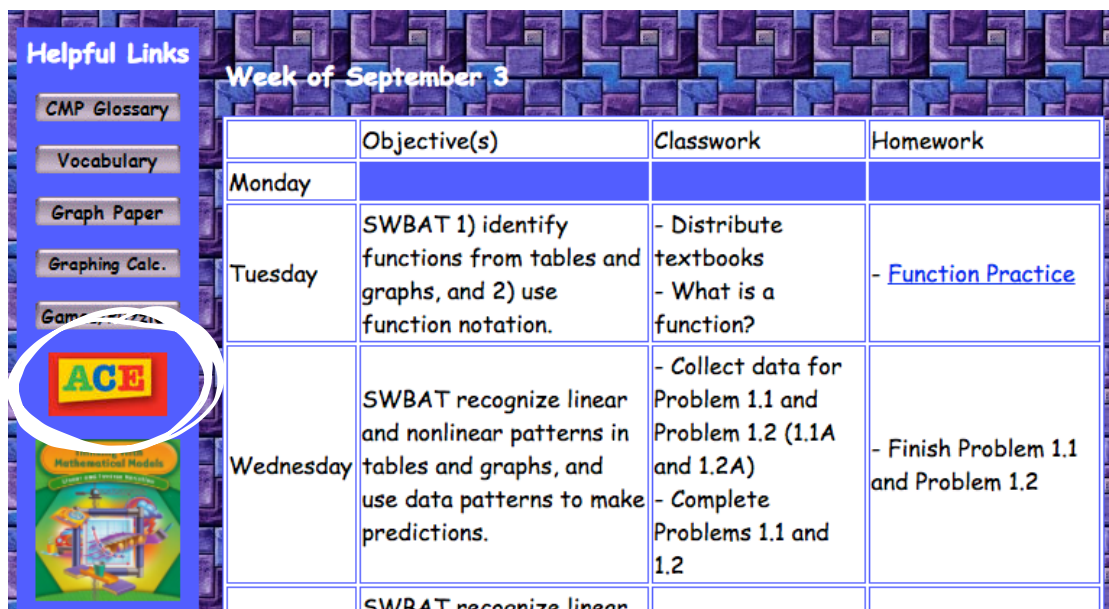
What are units we can have fractions of?

- Time
- Money
- miles
- inches
- meters

Pies (we can slice it up)

How to check your homework.

Answer keys can be found on line for all ACE questions.



The image shows a screenshot of a website interface. On the left is a sidebar titled "Helpful Links" with buttons for "CMP Glossary", "Vocabulary", "Graph Paper", "Graphing Calc.", and "Game". Below these is a circular logo with "ACE" and a book cover titled "Mathematical Models". The main content area is titled "Week of September 3" and contains a table with four columns: "Objective(s)", "Classwork", and "Homework". The table rows correspond to the days of the week: Monday, Tuesday, Wednesday, and Thursday. The "Homework" column for Tuesday includes a link to "Function Practice".

	Objective(s)	Classwork	Homework
Monday			
Tuesday	SWBAT 1) identify functions from tables and graphs, and 2) use function notation.	- Distribute textbooks - What is a function?	- Function Practice
Wednesday	SWBAT recognize linear and nonlinear patterns in tables and graphs, and use data patterns to make predictions.	- Collect data for Problem 1.1 and Problem 1.2 (1.1A and 1.2A) - Complete Problems 1.1 and 1.2	- Finish Problem 1.1 and Problem 1.2
Thursday	SWBAT recognize linear		

Homework Questions?

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2. A group of students conducted the bridge-thickness experiment with construction paper. The table below contains their results.

Bridge-Thickness Experiment

Number of Layers	1	2	3	4	5	6
Breaking Weight (pennies)	12	20	29	42	52	61

Ave = 9.5

- a. Make a graph of the (number of layers, breaking weight) data. Describe the relationship between breaking weight and number of layers.
- b. Suppose it is possible to use half-layers of construction paper. What breaking weight would you predict for a bridge 3.5 layers thick? Explain.
- ★ c. Predict the breaking weight for a construction-paper bridge of 8 layers. Explain how you made your prediction.

1.2 Bridge Length and Strength

In the last problem you tested the strength of some paper bridges. You found that bridges with more layers are stronger than bridges with fewer layers.



- How do you think the length and strength of a bridge are related?
- Are longer bridges stronger or weaker than shorter bridges?

Set up your notebook:

1.2 Bridge Length and Strength

Date

Length (in)	4	6	8	9	11
Breaking Weight (# of pennies)					



- Start with the 4-inch bridge. Suspend the bridge between the two books as you did before. The bridge should overlap each book by 1 inch. Place the paper cup in the center of the bridge.
 - Put pennies into the cup, one at a time, until the bridge collapses. Record the number of pennies you added to the cup. As in the first experiment, this number is the breaking weight of the bridge.
 - Repeat the experiment to find breaking weights for the other bridges.
- A** Make a graph of your data.
 - B** Describe the relationship between bridge length and breaking weight. How is that relationship shown by patterns in your table and graph?
 - C** Use your data to predict the breaking weights for bridges of lengths 3, 5, 10, and 12 inches. Explain how you made your predictions.
 - D** Compare your data from this experiment to the data from the experiment on bridges with different numbers of layers. How is the relationship between the number of layers in a bridge and its breaking weight similar to the relationship between bridge length and breaking weight? How is it different?

Homework

Finish Problem 1.2