

Warm Up

9/10

Check your ACE #4 with the
answer key and your group.

Remember Answer Keys can be found on my website.

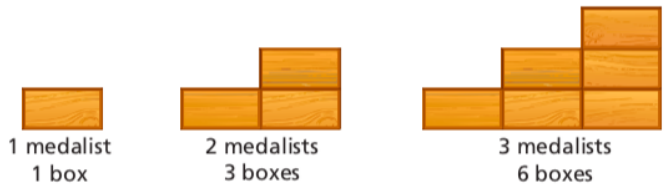


Do you have any questions?

Homework Questions?

Page 16, #'s 4

4. During the medal ceremonies at a track meet, the top athletes stand on platforms made from stacked wooden boxes. The number of boxes depends on the number of medal winners.



- a. Copy and complete the table below.

Medal Platforms

Number of Medalists	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
Number of Boxes	1	3	6	10	15	21	28	36

+2 +3 +4

- b. Make a graph of the (number of medalists, number of boxes) data.
- c. Describe the pattern of change shown in the table and graph.
- d. Each box is 1 foot high and 2 feet wide. A red carpet starts 10 feet from the base of the platform and covers all the risers and steps.



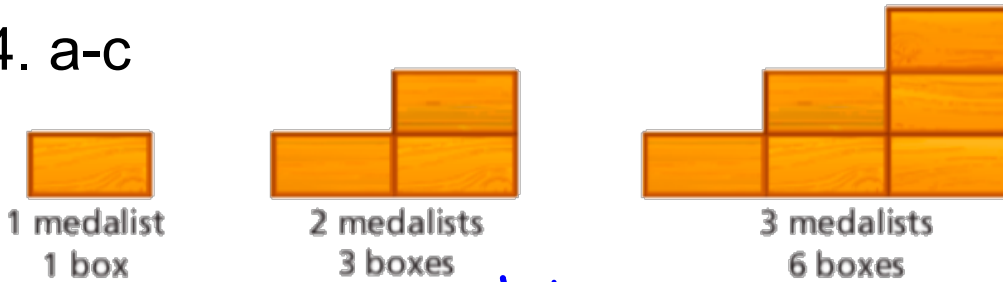
- Copy and complete the table below.

Carpet for Platforms

Number of Steps	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
Carpet Length (ft)	10	12	15	19	24	30	37	45

- e. Make a graph of the (number of steps, carpet length) data.
- f. Describe the pattern of change in the carpet length as the number of steps increases. Compare this pattern to the pattern in the (number of medalists, number of boxes) data.

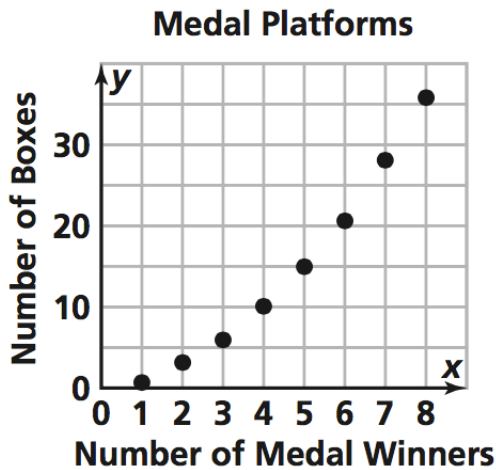
4. a-c



Medal Platforms $+1$ $+1$ $+1$ $+1$ $+1$ $+1$ $+1$ $+1$

Number of Medalists	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
Number of Boxes	1	3	6	10	15	21	28	36

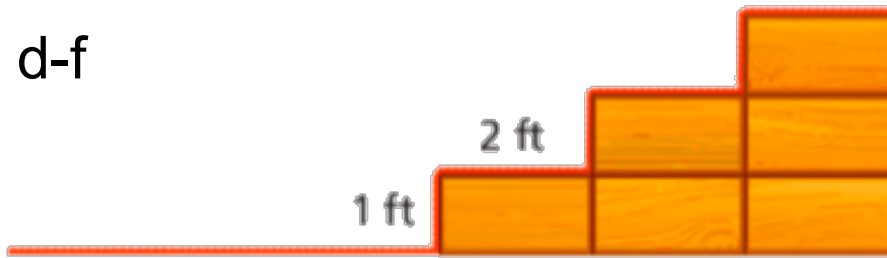
$+2$ $+3$ $+4$ $+5$ $+6$ $+7$ $+8$



Just by looking at the table we can tell this is not a linear relationship.

Nonlinear
even though the y-values change according to a pattern

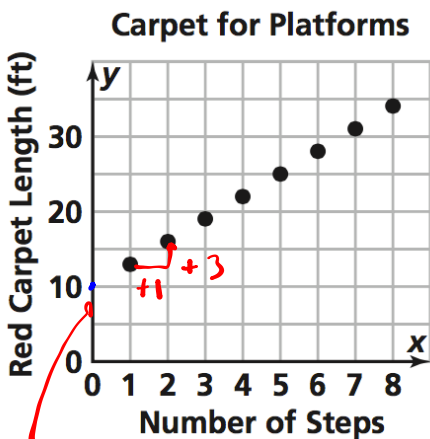
4. d-f



Carpet for Platforms
 $+1$ $+1$ $+1$ $+1$

Number of Steps	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
Carpet Length (ft)	13	16	19	22	25	28	31	34

\checkmark \checkmark \checkmark \checkmark
 $+3$ $+3$ $+3$ $+3$



We started with 10 ft

How much carpet do we need per step?


Why doesn't this graph start at zero?

Because we have 10 feet of carpet

Solving Equations

Solving for x

The equation is a balance:

$$11 = 3x - 4$$


Our goal when solving for x is to:

get a single x on one side of the equal sign

and a number on the other.

How do we do this?

Inverse Operations:

What operation will **undo** the effects of another?

Addition - subtraction

Subtraction - addition

Multiplication - division

Division - multiplication

Solving for x - The ultimate goal is to have the **variable** on one side of the equal sign and a **constant** on the other.

We use inverse operations and properties of equality to undo what is happening to "x".

Variable: a letter that represents an unknown number

Constant: a number

What is the Property of Equality?

Two sides of an equation remain equal after applying the same operation on each side of the equal sign.

Used the
subtraction
property of
equality

$$\begin{array}{r} x + 7 = 15 \\ -7 \quad -7 \\ \hline x = 8 \end{array}$$

We use
transformation
lines!

$$x - 10 = 4$$

$$+ 10 \quad + 10$$

$$x = 14$$

$$\frac{3x}{3} = \frac{15}{3} \quad \swarrow \text{Division bar}$$
$$x = 5$$

Same thing though messier

$$\begin{array}{r} 3x = 15 \\ \div 3 \quad \div 3 \\ \hline x = 5 \end{array}$$

$$\frac{-2x}{-2} = \frac{14}{-2}$$

$$x = -7$$

$$\frac{2}{1} \left(\frac{x}{2} \right) = 5 (2)$$

$$x = 10$$

$$3 \left(\frac{1}{3} x \right) = (10) 3$$

$$\frac{1}{3} x = \frac{x}{3}$$

$$x = 30$$

What if there are more operations involved?

$$5x + 3 = 13$$

Like before, we want to **UNDO** whatever is happening to "x" so we have only one "x" left.

Let's start "peeling things away" from x.

Remember: Whatever we do to one side of the equation we need to do the same to the other side to keep the balance even.

$$\begin{array}{r} 5x + 3 = 13 \\ -3 \quad \cdot 3 \\ \hline 5x = 10 \\ \frac{5x}{5} = \frac{10}{5} \\ x = 2 \end{array}$$

What if we have x on BOTH sides?

$$\begin{array}{r} 5x + 3 = 13 - x \\ +x \qquad \qquad \qquad +x \\ \hline 6x + 3 = 13 \\ -3 \quad -3 \\ \hline 6x = 10 \\ \frac{6x}{6} = \frac{10}{6} \\ x = \frac{10}{6} \\ x = \frac{5}{3} \end{array}$$

Doesn't
matter what
order you do
things!

As things get more complicated, you will want to **combine like terms** as much as you can before using properties of equality.

1.

$$\begin{array}{r} 7 + 5r + 3 + 5 = 1 + 7r \\ \underline{-5r \qquad -5r} \\ 7 + 3 + 5 = 1 + 2r \\ \underline{-1 \qquad -1} \\ 7 + 3 + 5 - 1 = 2r \\ 14 = 2r \\ \frac{14}{2} = \frac{2r}{2} \\ 7 = r \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 7 + 5r + 3 + 5 = 1 + 7r \\ 15 + 5r = 1 + 7r \\ \underline{-5r \qquad -5r} \\ 15 = 1 + 2r \\ \underline{-1 \qquad -1} \\ 14 = 2r \\ \frac{14}{2} = \frac{2r}{2} \\ 7 = r \end{array}$$

Solving Equations with Variables on Both Sides.

Date _____ Period _____

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Solve each equation.

1) $7 + 5r + 3 + 5 = 1 + 7r$

2) $-4 + 6k + 8k = -4 - 7k$

3) $8n - 7 = 7n - 14$

4) $-7b - 14 = -5b - 4b$

5) $8 + 7n = 6n + 2n$

6) $2 - 2n - 2n = -5 - 3n$

7) $7x = 3x + 4x$

8) $4 + 7x = 8x - 2x$

9) $2 + 7n = -4 + 5n$

10) $-7 - 3a = 1 - 4a$

Procedure for solving for x (so far):

- Combine like terms (if any) on each side.
- Use properties of equality to isolate x.

Don't forget to:

- Show all work
- Use transformation lines.

Finish up the Practice Problems
in your notebook.