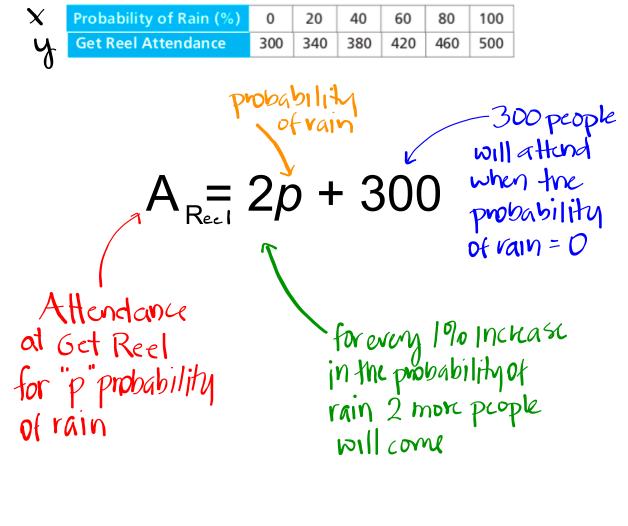
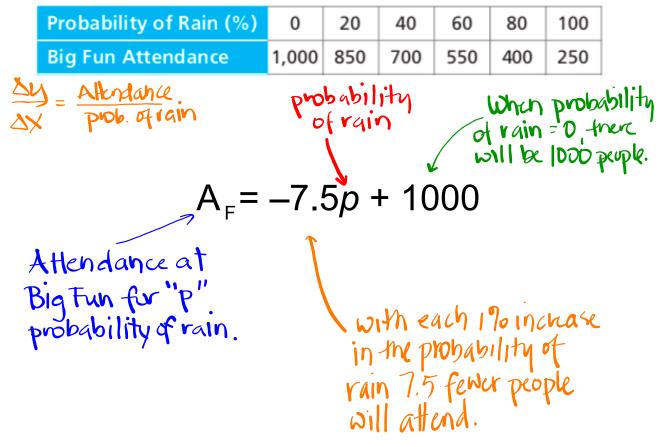
## Warm Up

Each part of an equation tells the "story" about a situation.

Using the equation we got last week for attendance at Get Reel, tell what all the variables and numbers mean in the context of the problem.



$$5lope = 2 = \Delta y = \frac{4}{3x} = \frac{4}{170} \operatorname{incuaxin}_{prob. of rain}$$



What do the parts of the equation tell us about the attendance at Big Fun?

# 2.5 Recap - We have lots of questions to answer.

- Use your functions from Question A to answer these questions. Show your calculations and explain your reasoning.
  1. Suppose there is a 50% probability of rain this Saturday. What is the expected attendance at each attraction?
  - **2.** Suppose 475 people visited Big Fun one Saturday. Estimate the probability of rain on that day.
  - **3.** What probability of rain gives a predicted Saturday attendance of at least 360 people at Get Reel?
  - **4.** Is there a probability of rain for which the predicted attendance is the same at both attractions?
  - **5.** For what probability of rain is attendance at Big Fun likely to be greater than at Get Reel?
  - **6.** For what probability of rain is attendance at Big Fun likely to be less than at Get Reel?

#### Our equations can be used to answer each of these questions! That's why we make them!

**1.** Suppose there is a 50% probability of rain this Saturday. What is the expected attendance at each attraction?

 $A_F = -7.5p + 1000$  $A_R = 2p + 300$  $A_F = -7.5(50) + 1000$  $A_R = 2(50) + 300$  $A_F = -375 + 1000$  $A_R = 100 + 300$  $A_F = 625$ 400 $A_R = 100 + 3000$  $A_F = 625$ 400 $A_F = 625$  $A_F = 625$ <

**2.** Suppose 475 people visited Big Fun one Saturday. Estimate the probability of rain on that day.

$$A_{F} = -7.5p + 1000$$

$$475 = -7.5p + 1000$$

$$-1000 - 1000$$

$$-525 = -7.5p$$

$$-7.5 - 7.5$$

$$-7.5 - 7.5$$

$$-7.5 - 7.5$$

$$-7.5 - 7.5$$

$$-7.5 - 7.5$$

$$-7.5 - 7.5$$

$$-7.5 - 7.5 - 7.5$$

$$-7.5 - 7.5 - 7.5$$

$$-7.5 - 7.5 - 7.5 - 7.5$$

**3.** What probability of rain gives a predicted Saturday attendance of at least 360 people at Get Reel?

$$A_{R} = 2p + 300$$
  

$$360 = 2p + 300$$
  

$$-300 - 300$$
  

$$\frac{60}{2} 2p$$
  

$$2 - 2$$
  

$$30^{7} 0 \text{ prob. of}$$
  

$$30 = p$$
  

$$30^{7} 0 \text{ prob. of}$$
  

$$30 = p$$
  

$$44 \text{ rain if } 360 \text{ people}$$
  

$$a \text{ fund}$$

**4.** Is there a probability of rain for which the predicted attendance is the same at both attractions?

$$A_{F} = -7.5p + 1000 \qquad A_{R} = 2p + 300$$

$$-7.5p + 1000 = 2p + 300$$

$$-1000 - 1000$$

$$-7.5p = 2p - 700$$

$$-2p - 2p$$

$$-9.5p = -700$$

$$-9.5p = -700$$

$$arc - bre same$$

$$r = 73.7$$

**5.** For what probability of rain is attendance at Big Fun likely to be greater than at Get Reel?

# When the probability of rain is < 73.7%

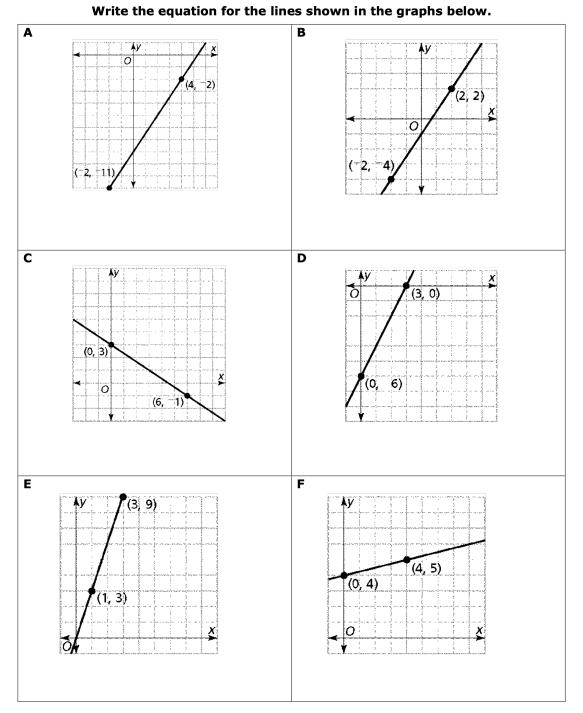
**6.** For what probability of rain is attendance at Big Fun likely to be less than at Get Reel?





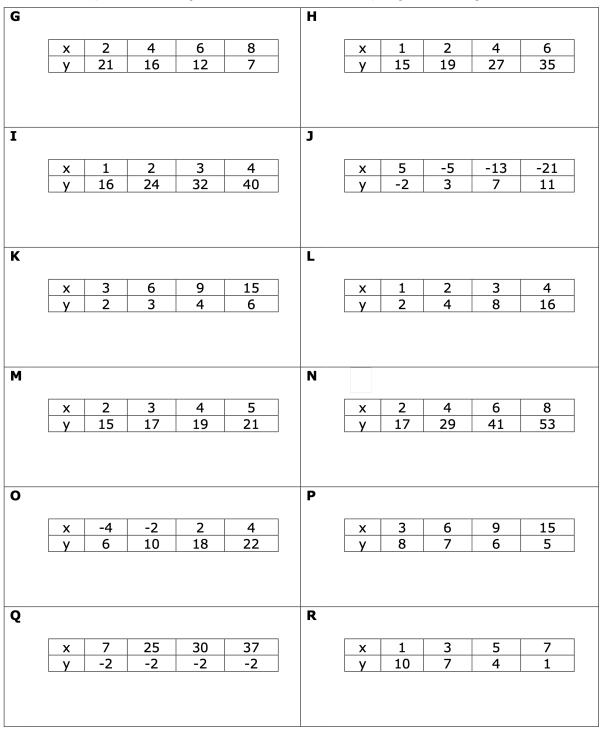
## Finish up the packet

Algebra 8 TWMM Review



Algebra 8 TWMM Review

### Determine whether the relationship between x and y is linear or not. If it is linear, write the equation. If it is not linear, explain how you know.



Algebra 8 TWMM Review

#### Write the equation of the line given the following conditions:

S	passes through the points (2, 7) and (6, 15)	<b>T</b> with slope -2 that passes through the point (3, -9	)
U	passes through the points	<b>V</b> with slope $\frac{3}{2}$ that	
	(2, -9) and (-2, 3)	passes through the point (–2, 0	)
W	passes through the points (4, 1) and (-2, 4)	<b>X</b> with slope $\frac{2}{3}$ that passes through the point (6, 2)	2)
Y	passes through the points (2, 1) and (6, 9)	<b>Z</b> with slope -4 that passes through the point (-7, 5	)
а	with slope $=\frac{1}{2}$ that passes through the point (-10, 7)	<b>b</b> passes through the points (2, -11) and (-5, 10)	
С	passes through the points (8, 2) and (-2, 7)	d passes through the points (-2, 2) and (3, -2)	

### Homework

**Finish Review Packet**