Summarize

Ask students whether they now think that every equation of the form Ax + By = C can be written in an equivalent y = mx + b form. Ask what it means that the two equations are equivalent. Focus on Question A for a moment, and ask if any of the students in the Problem wrote the correct slope-intercept form of the original equation. Invite students in the class to try to guess what the students in the Problem were thinking.

- Why would these students be confused?
- How did they get tripped up?
- What about in other parts Question A? Why did those students get confused?
- If you were their teacher, how would you help them make sense of this algebra?

Revisit the question from the Launch.

• Is there a way to change a linear equation from the Ax + By = C form to an equivalent y = mx + b form and vice versa?

Finally, it is not the case that all equations of form Ax + By = C can be written in y = mx + b form. In the special case where B = 0, we are left with Ax = C, which describes a vertical line. Vertical lines have no slope so there can't be a slope-intercept form of the equation. For all other lines, however, we may write equations in both forms.



Answers to Problem 1.2

A. The work of Jared and Mia lead to correct equivalent forms. Molly and Ali get incorrect results.

Jared: In step (1), he subtracted 12*x* from both sides of the equation. In step (2), he divided both sides of the equation by 3.

Molly: In step (1), she correctly subtracted 12x from both sides of the equation. In step (2), she failed to divide both terms on the right side by 3. In step (3), she correctly rearranged the terms.

Mia: In step (1) she divided both sides of the equation by 3. In step (2), she subtracted 4x from both sides of the equation. In step (3), she rearranged the order of terms.

Ali: In step (1), he correctly subtracted 12x from both sides of the equation. In step (2), he correctly divided both sides of the equation by 3. In step (3), he forgot that subtraction is not commutative.

B. 1. y = x - 4

2.
$$y = -2x + 9$$

3. $y = -2x - 3$

4.
$$y = \frac{c - ax}{d}$$
 or $y = \frac{c}{d} - \frac{a}{dx}$

- **C.** Answers will vary, as there are multiple equivalent forms for all equations in standard form. The answers given below use the smallest (in absolute value) whole-number coefficients.
 - **1.** 3x + y = 5
 - **2.** -3x + 4y = 1
 - **3.** x 2y = -3
 - **4.** gx fy = 18 or -gx + fy = -18
- **D.** 1. standard form: 5b + 4.75h = 72.50
 - **2.** slope-intercept form: y = 3.75x 25
 - **3.** standard form: 5g + 3w = 50