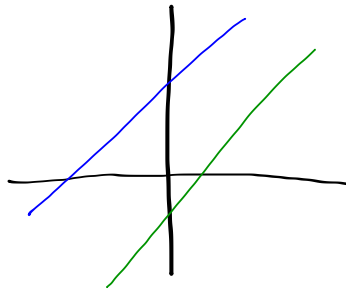
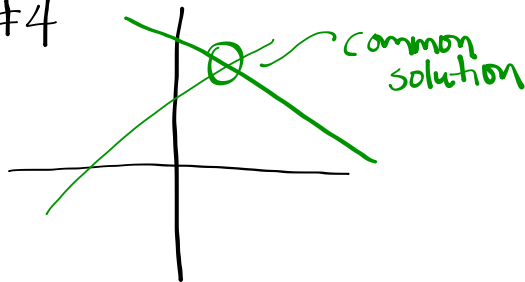


## Warm Up

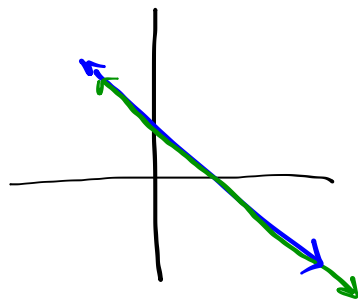
3/26

Any questions about the work you've done that the answer keys did not answer for you?

#4



Parallel Lines  
No common solution  
because the lines  
never intersect



Infinite # of solutions

#8  $4x - 5y = 40$   
 $4 [x = 3y + 24]$

$- 4x - 5y = 40$   
 $\rightarrow 4x = 12y + 96$

---

$-5y = -12y - 56$   
 $+12y \quad +12y$

---

$\frac{7y}{7} = \frac{-56}{7}$   
 $y = -8$

We are going to begin talking about

# Inequalities

# Symbol Review:

$>$   
Greater than

$\geq$   
Greater than or  
equal

$<$   
Less than

$\leq$   
Less than or equal

What are some values of  $x$  that would satisfy  
(make it true) the following inequality?

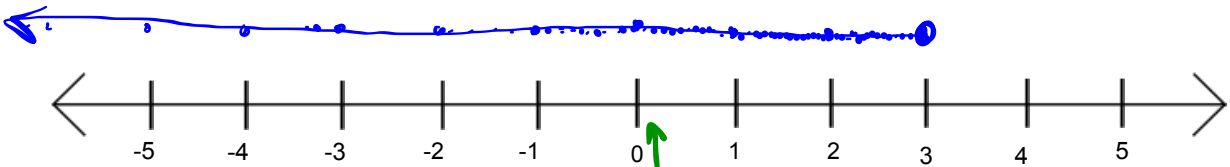
$$3x + 4 \leq 13$$

Find at least 5.

(Remember not all solutions need to be whole numbers or positive!)

Let's put all our solutions on a number line!

$$3x + 4 \leq 13$$



Is 4 a solution?

$$3(4) + 4 \leq 13$$

$$12 + 4 \leq 13$$

$$16 \neq 13$$

FALSE

Which means

4 is not a solution

Is 0 a solution?

$$3(0) + 4 \leq 13$$

$$4 \leq 13$$

True!

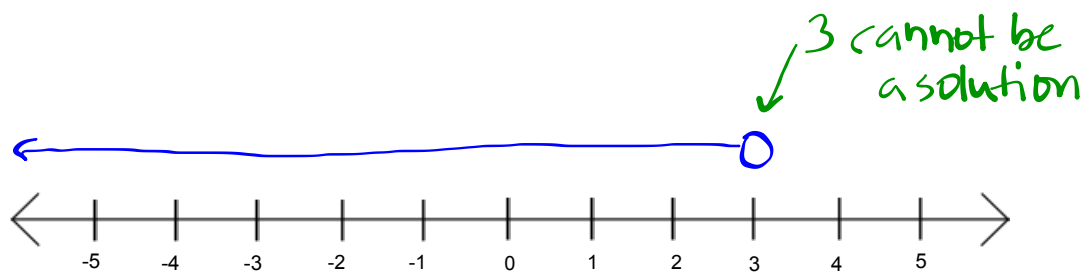
We can see that  
0 is part of the  
solution set.  
(under the line we drew)

What if our inequality changed to:

$$3x + 4 < 13$$

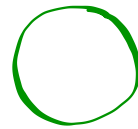
*this has changed*

What is the difference?



## Open Circle vs. Closed Circle

$<$  or  $>$



open circle on our  
number line

$\leq$  or  $\geq$

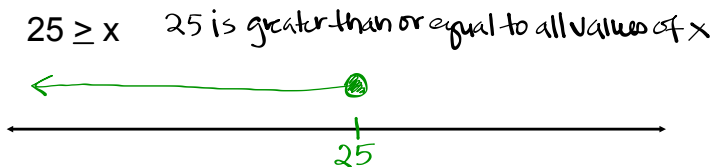
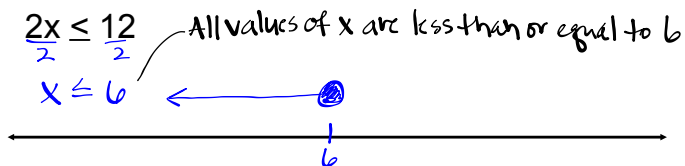
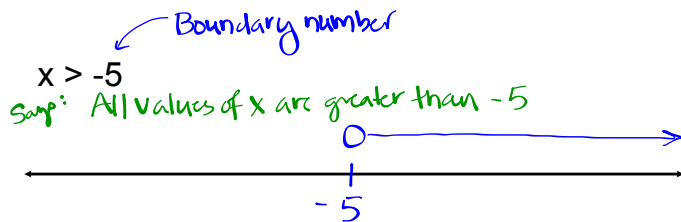


closed circle on  
our number line

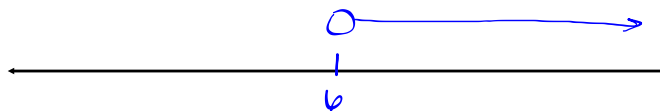


Some practice:

Graph all possible values of  $x$  on a number line.



$6 < x$



$6 < x$

If you like  $x$  on the left you can flip the inequality BUT make sure the inequality sign is still pointing at the number

$x > 6$

Format for solving, graphing, and checking:

Solve

$$\begin{array}{r} 2x + 12 > 32 \\ -12 \quad -12 \\ \hline 2x > 20 \\ \frac{2x}{2} > \frac{20}{2} \\ x > 10 \end{array}$$

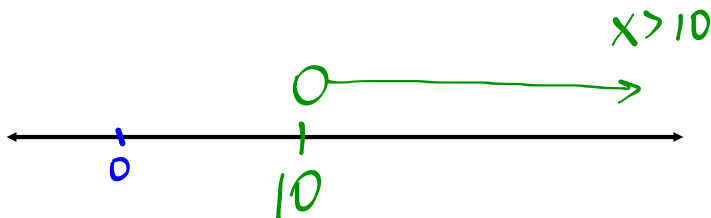
Let's pretend this is an equal sign

Boundary #

Check

$$\begin{array}{l} 2x + 12 > 32 \\ 2(10) + 12 = 32 \\ 32 = 32 \quad \checkmark \end{array}$$

Graph



Check test a point


$$2x + 12 > 32$$

$$2(0) + 12 > 32$$

$$12 > 32 \quad \text{False}$$

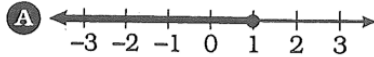
so  
0 is not  
a solution

# Where Do Airline Pilots Keep Their Uniforms?

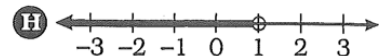
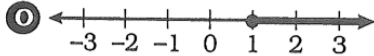
 For each exercise, write the letter of the answer in the box containing the exercise number.

In Exercises 1-6, match the inequality with its graph.

1  $x < 1$



2  $x \leq 1$

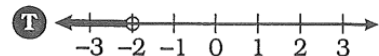
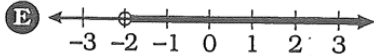


3  $x > -2$

4  $x \geq -2$

5  $-2 > x$

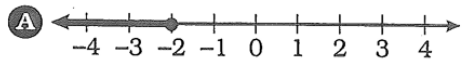
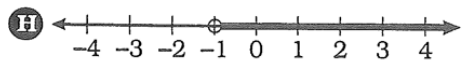
6  $1 \leq x$



In Exercises 7-18, solve the inequality. Then graph the solution.

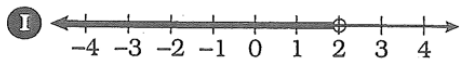
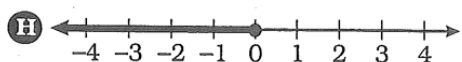
7  $4n + 1 < 9$

8  $7a - 2 \geq 5$



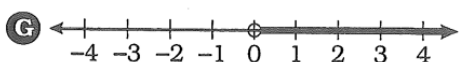
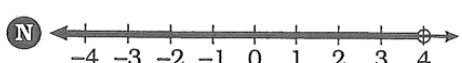
9  $3y + 10 \leq 4$

10  $8k - 3 > -27$



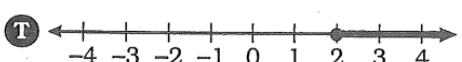
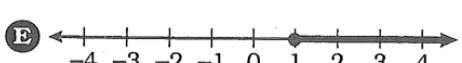
11  $\frac{x}{2} + 9 < 11$

12  $\frac{d}{6} - 4 \geq -5$



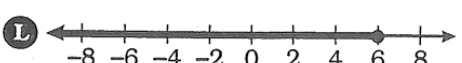
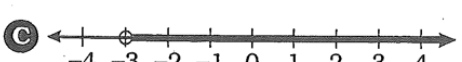
13  $\frac{u}{15} - 2 \leq -2$

14  $5p - 14 < 26$



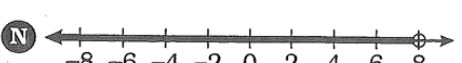
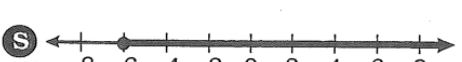
15  $18 \leq 7b + 4$

16  $-9 < 12y + 3$



17  $-14 \geq \frac{x}{3} - 16$

18  $5 < \frac{m}{8} + 5$



7	11	5	13	3	10	17	6	15	1	8	12	16	2	14	18	9	4
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Inequalities:  
Graphing the Solution Set of an Inequality

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# Homework

Finish classwork