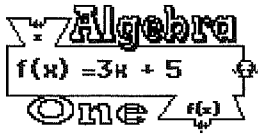


Percent Change =  $\left(\frac{\text{New} - \text{Old}}{\text{Old}}\right) \cdot 100$

% Remaining =  $\frac{\text{New}}{\text{Old}}$



# Percent of Change Worksheet

Name \_\_\_\_\_

Period \_\_\_\_\_

**Directions:** State whether each percent of change is a percent increase or a percent decrease. Then find the percent of increase or decrease. Round to the nearest whole percent.

1. Original: \$100  
New: \$59

41% ↓

$$\left(\frac{59-100}{100}\right) \cdot 100 = -41$$

$\frac{59}{100} = 0.59$   
59% remaining is a 41% decrease.

2. Original: 324 people  
New: 549 people

69% ↑

$$\left(\frac{549-324}{324}\right) \cdot 100 = 69\%$$

$\frac{549}{324} = 1.69$   
169% remaining means a 69% increase.

3. Original: 58 Homes  
New: 152 Homes

162% ↑

$$\left(\frac{152-58}{58}\right) \cdot 100 = 162\%$$

$\frac{152}{58} = 2.62$   
262% remaining is a 162% increase.

4. Original: 66 Dimes  
New: 30 Dimes

55% ↓

$$\left(\frac{30-66}{66}\right) \cdot 100 = -55\%$$

$\frac{30}{66} = 0.45$   
45% remaining means a 55% decrease.

5. Original: \$53  
New: \$75

42% ↑

$$\left(\frac{75-53}{53}\right) \cdot 100 = 42\%$$

$\frac{75}{53} = 1.42$   
142% remaining is a 42% increase.

6. Original: 15.6 liters  
New: 11.4 liters

27% ↓

$$\left(\frac{11.4-15.6}{15.6}\right) \cdot 100 = -27\%$$

$\frac{11.4}{15.6} = 0.73$   
73% remaining is a 27% decrease.

7. Original: \$3.78  
New: \$2.50

34% ↓

$$\left(\frac{2.5-3.78}{3.78}\right) \cdot 100 = -34\%$$

$\frac{2.5}{3.78} = 0.66$   
66% remaining is a 34% decrease.

8. Original: 231.2 mph  
New: 236.4 mph

2% ↑

$$\left(\frac{236.4-231.2}{231.2}\right) \cdot 100 = 2\%$$

$\frac{236.4}{231.2} = 1.02$   
102% remaining is a 2% increase.

**Directions:** Find the final price of each item. When there is a discount and sales tax, first compute the discount price and then compute the sales tax and final price.

9. DVD: \$219  
sales tax: 6.5%

\$233.24

$$219(0.065) = 14.24 \text{ Tax}$$

$$219 + 14.24 = 233.24$$

Price 6.5% tax

10. jeans: \$39.99  
discount: 15%  
sales tax: 4%

$$39.99(0.15) = 6.00 \text{ Discount}$$

$$39.99 - 6 = 33.99 \text{ New Price}$$

$$33.99(0.04) = 1.36 \text{ Tax on New Price}$$

$$33.99 + 1.36 = 35.35$$

Final Total

11. book: \$19.95  
discount: 5%  
sales tax: 5%

\$19.90

$$19.95 - 19.95(0.05) = 18.95 \text{ Discounted Price}$$

$$18.95 + 18.95(0.05) = 19.90$$

Discounted Price

5% tax of discounted Price

12. tickets: \$52.50  
sales tax: 7%

$$52.50 + 52.50(0.07) = 56.18$$

\$56.18



Solve each problem.

Answers

- 1) In February Roger spent 44 hours watching Netflix. In March he only spent 25.52 hours watching. What was the percent decrease in the amount of time he spent watching?

$$\left(\frac{25.52 - 44}{44}\right) \cdot 100 = -42\%$$

$$\frac{25.52}{44} = 0.58$$

58% of the initial amount, so 42% is missing

1. 42%

- 2) At a restaurant the bill came to \$54.00. If you leave \$61.56, what percent tip is that?

$$\left(\frac{61.56 - 54}{54}\right) \cdot 100 = 14\%$$

$$\frac{61.56}{54} = 1.14$$

114% of original bill which is 14% increase

2. 14%

- 3) A library normally collected \$56.00 in fees a month. But in March they collected \$84.00. What is the percent increase in the number of fees collected in March?

$$\left(\frac{84 - 56}{56}\right) \cdot 100 = 50\%$$

$$\frac{84}{56} = 1.5$$

150% of usual which is 50% more than normal

3. 50%

- 4) A pole was supposed to be 14 meters long, but it was accidentally made 21 meters long. The pole is \_\_\_\_\_ percent longer than it needs to be.

$$\left(\frac{21 - 14}{14}\right) \cdot 100 = 50\%$$

$$\frac{21}{14} = 1.5$$

150% of the correct length so it's 50% more.

4. 50%

- 5) The price for internet on a phone was \$10.00 a month, but starting in November the price will be \$13.20 a month. This is a \_\_\_\_\_% increase.

$$\left(\frac{13.20 - 10}{10}\right) \cdot 100 = 32\%$$

$$\frac{13.20}{10} = 1.32$$

132% of old price which is a 32% increase.

5. 32%

- 6) Last year a fishing license cost \$59.00. This year the license will cost \$44.84. This is a \_\_\_\_\_ percent decrease.

$$\left(\frac{44.84 - 59}{59}\right) \cdot 100 = -24\%$$

$$\frac{44.84}{59} = .76$$

76% of the old price which is a 24% decrease.

6. 24%

- 7) A store sold 13.00 dollars worth of gift cards in October. The next month the goal was to sell \$17.16 worth of gift cards. This is an increase of \_\_\_\_\_ percent.

$$\left(\frac{17.16 - 13}{13}\right) \cdot 100 = 32\%$$

$$\frac{17.16}{13} = 1.32$$

132% of the original amount which is a 32% increase over the original 100%

7. 32%

- 8) Isabel's family decided to get rid of their cable TV. Originally they were paying \$143.00 for the TV, internet and phone, but now they're paying \$125.84. What was the percent the bill decreased by?

$$\left(\frac{125.84 - 143}{143}\right) \cdot 100 = -12\%$$

$$\frac{125.84}{143} = .88$$

88% of the original which is a 12% decrease.

8. 12%

- 9) A store normally averaged 102 customers a day. But on the weekends they averaged 75.48 customers a day. What is the percent decrease in the number of customers?

$$\left(\frac{75.48 - 102}{102}\right) \cdot 100 = -26\%$$

$$\frac{75.48}{102} = .74$$

74% of the normal which is a 26% decrease.

9. 26%

- 10) Normally a game costs \$33.00. But the new special edition version is going to be \$39.60. This is an increase of \_\_\_\_\_ percent.

$$\left(\frac{39.60 - 33}{33}\right) \cdot 100 = 20\%$$

$$\frac{39.60}{33} = 1.2$$

120% of the normal price which is a 20% increase.

10. 20%