## Part C

What would your strategy be if the entire fractional expression is raised to a power?
Simplify $\left(\frac{6 x^{4} y^{3}}{4 x^{3} y^{5}}\right)^{3}$.

## 1. Applying the exponent first -

a. Apply the exponent to everything within the parentheses first. What do you get? (Your answer here should be a fractional expression)

$$
\left(\frac{6 x^{4} y^{3}}{4 x^{3} y^{5}}\right)^{3}=
$$

b. Simplify the expression above that you got by applying the $3^{\text {rd }}$ power to the entire fractional expression.
c. Final simplified answer?
2. Simplify within the parentheses first -
a. Simplify within the parentheses first. What do you get?

$$
\left(\frac{6 x^{4} y^{3}}{4 x^{3} y^{5}}\right)^{3}=(\quad)^{3}
$$

b. Apply the $3^{\text {rd }}$ power to your simplified expression.
c. Final simplified answer?

## What do you think?

When you have a fractional expression raised to a power, is it more efficient to apply the exponent first then simplify or to simplify first and then apply the exponent?


