

8-1 Study Guide and Intervention

Multiplying Monomials

Multiply Monomials A **monomial** is a number, a variable, or a product of a number and one or more variables. An expression of the form x^n is called a **power** and represents the product you obtain when x is used as a factor n times. To multiply two powers that have the same base, add the exponents.

Product of Powers	For any number a and all integers m and n , $a^m \cdot a^n = a^{m+n}$.
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Example 1 Simplify $(3x^6)(5x^2)$.

$$\begin{aligned} (3x^6)(5x^2) &= (3)(5)(x^6 \cdot x^2) && \text{Associative Property} \\ &= (3 \cdot 5)(x^{6+2}) && \text{Product of Powers} \\ &= 15x^8 && \text{Simplify.} \end{aligned}$$

The product is $15x^8$.

Example 2 Simplify $(-4a^3b)(3a^2b^5)$.

$$\begin{aligned} (-4a^3b)(3a^2b^5) &= (-4)(3)(a^3 \cdot a^2)(b \cdot b^5) \\ &= -12(a^{3+2})(b^{1+5}) \\ &= -12a^5b^6 \end{aligned}$$

The product is $-12a^5b^6$.

Exercises

Simplify.

1. $y(y^5)$

$$y^6$$

2. $n^2 \cdot n^7$

$$n^9$$

3. $(-7x^2)(x^4)$

$$-7x^6$$

4. $x(x^2)(x^4)$

$$x^7$$

5. $m \cdot m^5$

$$m^6$$

6. $(-x^3)(-x^4) = (-1)(-1)x^3x^4$

$$x^7$$

7. $(2a^2)(8a)$

$$16a^3$$

8. $(rs)(rs^3)(s^2)$

$$r^2s^6$$

9. $(x^2y)(4xy^3)$

$$4x^3y^4$$

10. $\frac{1}{3}(2a^3b)(6b^3)$

$$4a^3b^4$$

11. $(-4x^3)(-5x^7) = (-4)(-5)x^3x^7$

$$20x^{10}$$

12. $(-3j^2k^4)(2jk^6)$

$$-6j^3k^{10}$$

13. $(5a^2bc^3)\left(\frac{1}{5}abc^4\right)$

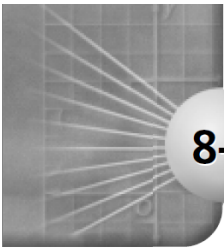
$$a^3b^2c^7$$

14. $(-5xy)(4x^2)(y^4)$

$$-20x^3y^5$$

15. $(10x^3yz^2)(-2xy^5z)$

$$-20x^4y^6z^3$$

**8-1****Skills Practice*****Multiplying Monomials*****Simplify.**

7. $a^2(a^3)(a^6) = a^{11}$

9. $(y^2z)(yz^2) = y^3z^3$

11. $(e^2f^4)(e^2f^2) = e^4f^6$

13. $(2x^2)(3x^5) = 6x^7$

15. $(4xy^3)(3x^3y^5) = 12x^4y^8$

17. $(-5m^3)(3m^8) = -15m^{11}$

8. $x(x^2)(x^7) = x^{10}$

10. $(\ell^2k^2)(\ell^3k) = \ell^5k^3$

12. $(cd^2)(c^3d^2) = c^4d^4$

14. $(5a^7)(4a^2) = 20a^9$

16. $(7a^5b^2)(a^2b^3) = 7a^7b^5$

18. $(-2c^4d)(-4cd) = 8c^5d^2$